Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Waverly Community Schools

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waverly Community Schools (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2025 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the School District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Education Waverly Community Schools

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 16, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the annual financial report for Waverly Community Schools (the "School District") presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Waverly Community Schools financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds, the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the 2022 Building and Site Series I capital project fund, and the 2024 Building and Site Series II capital project fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statements, the statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, present financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for donor-sponsored scholarships. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Pension Contributions

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Food Services and Community Services funds are examples) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects).

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Fiduciary Funds

The School District has certain fiduciary responsibilities for its custodial funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position (deficit) as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities			
		2025	2024	
		(in million	s)	
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	95.5 \$ 117.5	112.3 85.1	
Total assets		213.0	197.4	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		19.5	25.5	
Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability		17.3 115.1 53.6	15.1 117.8 69.4	
Total liabilities		186.0	202.3	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		30.2	21.5	
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		57.0 12.3 (53.0)	47.3 5.5 (53.7)	
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	16.3 \$	(0.9)	

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$16.3 million at June 30, 2025. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$57.0 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, \$(53.0) million, was unrestricted.

The \$(53.0) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations, net of the pension liability and OPEB asset.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities			
	2025			
	(in millions	5)		
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$ 0.7 \$	0.7		
Operating grants	23.5	23.2		
Capital grants	1.2	1.9		
General revenue: Taxes	17.6	16.8		
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	19.6	18.6		
Other	4.6	3.4		
Other	 1.0	0.1		
Total revenue	67.2	64.6		
Expenses				
Instruction	24.6	27.4		
Support services	17.0	18.4		
Athletics	1.1	1.0		
Food services	1.8	1.8		
Community services	0.6	0.5		
Debt service	 5.0	4.2		
Total expenses	 50.1	53.3		
Change in Net Position	17.1	11.3		
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(0.9)	(12.2)		
Adoption of GASB 101	 0.1			
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year, as restated	 (0.8)	(12.2)		
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 16.3 \$	(0.9)		

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$50.1 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$0.7 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$24.7 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$17.6 million in taxes, \$19.6 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$17.1 million. The key reason for this change was the decrease in net pension liability and OPEB asset.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$69.6 million, which is a decrease of \$27.4 million from last year. The primary reason for the decrease is related to the continued spending of the 2022 Building and Site Series I and 2024 Building and Site Series II bond proceeds.

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, fund balance increased \$1.2 million to \$10.0 million. The School District continues to maintain a General Fund fund balance in excess of 10 percent of current operating expenditures as a strategic effort to absorb significant changes in state funding or a significant decline in enrollment and to minimize the cost of borrowing to meet current cash obligations.

The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund decreased by \$729 thousand to \$1.1 million. The School District maintains a fund balance less than or equal to one-twelfth of annual debt service for the immediately preceding bond year to ensure the School District can maintain sufficient resources to continue the biannual principal and interest payments on the outstanding bond issue-related debt service. The biannual principal and interest payments in November and May allow the School District to reduce overall borrowing costs on the outstanding bond issues.

The fund balance of the 2022 Building and Site Series I Fund decreased by \$19.9 million to \$41 thousand, as the School District continued to spend proceeds from the 2022 Building and Site Series I bond issuance.

The fund balance of the 2024 Building and Site Series II Fund decreased by \$7.3 million to \$50.8 million, as the School District began spending proceeds from the 2024 Building and Site Series II bond issuance during the year.

Combined, the fund balance of our nonmajor capital project funds decreased by \$624 thousand to \$7.6 million. This decrease is primarily due to less funds transferred into the Board Designated Capital Projects Fund for school construction projects designated by the Board of Education. The School District collected \$1.2 million in voterapproved Sinking Fund millage. This millage is available to fund specific capital projects allowed by state law and approved by the voters.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in February 2025. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

See Note 3 for significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2025, the School District had \$117.5 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, equipment, and construction in progress. This represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$32.4 million, or 38.1 percent, from last year.

	_	2025	_	2024
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	\$	100,500 32,431,016 127,418,332 11,453,771 2,325,665	\$	100,500 28,449,217 96,502,379 9,423,985 2,255,765
Total capital assets		173,729,284		136,731,846
Less - Accumulated depreciation		56,206,737		51,659,119
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	\$	117,522,547	\$	85,072,727

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

This year's additions of \$37.0 million included technology, classroom furniture, food service equipment, buses, site improvements, and building renovations. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>Debt</u>

At the end of this year, the School District had \$106.6 million in bonds outstanding versus \$109.6 million in the previous year. Those bonds consisted of the following:

	 2025	_	2024
2024 Building and Site Series II Bonds 2022 Building and Site Series I Bonds	\$ 56,010,000 50,555,000	\$	57,660,000 51,915,000
Total	\$ 106,565,000	\$	109,575,000

Other obligations include compensated absences and arbitrage liabilities. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2025-2026 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2025-2026 budget was adopted in June 2025 based on an estimate of students who will enroll in August 2025.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$	11,329,360
Receivables:	*	,0_0,000
Accrued interest receivable		275,752
Other receivables		59,750
Due from other governments		6,179,726
Inventories		31,067
Prepaid expenses		497,193
Restricted assets - Unspent bond proceeds and taxes levied		67,577,955
Net OPEB asset (Note 9)		9,500,345
Capital assets:		
Assets not subject to depreciation (Note 6)		32,531,516
Assets subject to depreciation - Net (Note 6)		84,991,031
Total assets		212,973,695
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred pension costs (Note 9)		16,845,048
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 9)		2,692,655
Total deferred outflows of resources		19,537,703
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		10,978,339
Due to other governmental units		542,839
Accrued liabilities and other		4,180,688
Unearned revenue (Note 10)		1,526,378
Noncurrent liabilities:		, ,
Due within one year (Note 7)		2,613,088
Due in more than one year (Note 7)		112,511,907
Net pension liability (Note 9)	_	53,622,908
Total liabilities		185,976,147
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement		
date (Note 9)		2,984,270
Deferred pension costs (Note 9)		15,005,291
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 9)		12,243,806
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,233,367
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		56,994,236
Restricted:		00,007,200
Debt service		236,455
Capital projects		2,613,932
Net OPEB asset		9,500,345
Unrestricted		(53,043,084)
Total net position	\$	16,301,884
	_	

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Expenses		ges for		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs Primary government - Governmental activities:						
Instruction Support services Athletics Food services Community services Interest Other debt costs	\$ 24,628,328 17,017,546 1,125,099 1,852,098 584,021 4,233,311 739,738	2 9 6	6,080 27,004 99,175 33,325 2,795 -	\$ 20,958,363 563,551 - 1,999,369 - - -	\$ - 1,148,659 - - - - - -	\$ (3,653,885) (15,278,332) (1,025,924) 210,596 (71,226) (4,233,311) (739,738)
Total primary government	\$ 50,180,141	\$ 71	8,379	\$ 23,521,283	\$ 1,148,659	(24,791,820)
	General revenue: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for capital projects State aid not restricted to specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Penalties, interest, and other taxes Other					9,937,823 6,629,712 1,038,159 19,608,646 4,153,438 16,106 434,574
		41,818,458				
	Change in No	17,026,638				
	Net Position reported	(864,159)				
	Adoption of	139,405				
	Net Position	(Defic	it) - Be	ginning of year	, as restated	(724,754)
	Net Position	\$ 16,301,884				

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		2022 uilding and ite Series I Fund	2024 Building and Site Series II Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	A A A A A A A A A B A B A B B B B B B B B B B	•	•		•	A B B B B B B B B B B	* 44 000 000
Cash and investments (Note 4) Receivables:	\$ 8,992,923	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,336,437	\$ 11,329,360
Accrued interest receivable	-	-		-	275,752	-	275,752
Other receivables	9,974	-		-	-	48,243	58,217
Due from other governments	6,058,079	-		-	-	121,647	6,179,726
Due from other funds (Note 5) Inventories	677,727	290,076		-	-	434,376 31,067	1,402,179 31,067
Prepaid expenses	497,193	-		_	- -	31,00 <i>1</i>	497,193
Restricted assets - Unspent bond	,						.01,100
proceeds and taxes		004.404		000 540	04 000 004	5 400 000	07 577 055
levied (Note 4)		834,421	_	230,542	61,090,084	5,422,908	67,577,955
Total assets	\$ 16,235,896	\$ 1,124,497	\$	230,542	\$61,365,836	\$ 8,394,678	\$ 87,351,449
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 136,731	\$ -	\$	-	\$10,303,545	\$ 538,063	\$ 10,978,339
Due to other governmental units	542,839	-		-	-	-	542,839
Due to other funds (Note 5)	724,452	-		189,936	247,624	238,634	1,400,646
Accrued liabilities and other	3,263,896	-		-	-	28,750	3,292,646
Unearned revenue (Note 10)	1,524,717		-	-		1,661	1,526,378
Total liabilities	6,192,635	-		189,936	10,551,169	807,108	17,740,848
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	-	-		-	-	31,067	31,067
Prepaids Restricted:	497,193	-		-	-	-	497,193
Debt service	_	1,124,497		_	_	_	1,124,497
Capital projects	_	-		40,606	50,814,667	5,398,906	56,254,179
Food service	-	-		· -	-	468,818	468,818
Committed:							
Capital projects	-	-		-	-	1,197,935	1,197,935
Community service Student activities	-	-		-	-	126,131 364,713	126,131 364,713
Assigned - Subsequent year's	-	-		-	-	304,713	304,713
budget	993,517	_		_	_	_	993,517
Unassigned	8,552,551			-			8,552,551
Total fund balances	10,043,261	1,124,497		40,606	50,814,667	7,587,570	69,610,601
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 16,235,896	\$ 1,124,497	\$	230,542	\$61,365,836	\$ 8,394,678	\$ 87,351,449

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June	30	2025
Julie	JU,	2023

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 69,610,601
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds: Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	173,729,284 (56,206,737)
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	117,522,547
Bonds payable and related premiums are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(113,034,768)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(888,042)
Some employee fringe benefits provide benefit (or are payable) over a long period of years and do not represent a benefit to (or a claim on) current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund assets (liabilities): Employee compensated absences Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows Net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows	(956,437) (51,783,151) (50,806)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds	(2,984,270)
Other long-term liabilities, consisting of arbitrage rebate liabilities, do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities	 (1,133,790)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,301,884

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	and Site	2024 Building and Site Series II Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources Interdistrict sources	\$ 10,603,370 32,071,234 852,999 4,557,199	\$ 6,684,655 104,377 - -	\$ 542,590 1,925,200 - -	\$ 2,970,206	\$ 2,127,370 1,331,999 2,123,374	\$ 22,928,191 35,432,810 2,976,373 4,557,199
Total revenue	48,084,802	6,789,032	2,467,790	2,970,206	5,582,743	65,894,573
Expenditures Current: Instruction	25,801,151	_	_	_	3,011	25,804,162
Support services	19,237,501	-	-	500	242,665	19,480,666
Athletics	750,036	-	-	-	-	750,036
Food services Community services	- 20,012	-	-	-	2,029,715 651,677	2,029,715 671,689
Debt service:	20,012	-	-	-	031,077	071,009
Principal (Note 7)	_	3,010,000	_	_	_	3,010,000
Interest	-	4,501,482	-	-	-	4,501,482
Other debt costs	-	7,281	-	-	-	7,281
Capital outlay	106,323		22,348,357	10,303,545	4,282,552	37,040,777
Total expenditures	45,915,023	7,518,763	22,348,357	10,304,045	7,209,620	93,295,808
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	2,169,779	(729,731)	(19,880,567)	(7,333,839)	(1,626,877)	(27,401,235)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in (Note 5) Transfers out (Note 5)	96,949 (1,100,000)	-	- -	-	1,100,000 (96,949)	1,196,949 (1,196,949)
Total other financing (uses)					, , ,	
sources	(1,003,051)				1,003,051	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,166,728	(729,731)	(19,880,567)	(7,333,839)	(623,826)	(27,401,235)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	8,876,533	1,854,228	19,921,173	58,148,506	8,211,396	97,011,836
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 10,043,261	\$ 1,124,497	\$ 40,606	\$ 50,814,667	\$ 7,587,570	\$ 69,610,601

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	(27,401,235)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense		36,997,438 (4,547,618)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		1,312,206
Repayment of bond principal and lease, subscription, and PPP liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt and lease, subscription, and PPP liabilities); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds	l	3,253,088
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues		25,083
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, and compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		8,120,133
Claims and similar costs that do not use current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		(732,457)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	17,026,638

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	J	
	Jun	e 30, 2025
	Custodial Fund	
Assets - Cash (Note 4)	\$	8,200
Liabilities - Due to other funds		1,533
Net Position - Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$</u>	6,667

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Custo	todial Funds		
Additions - Fundraising and contributions	\$	2,448		
Deductions - Other		2,125		
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		323		
Net Position - Beginning of year		6,344		
Net Position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	6,667		

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Waverly Community Schools (the "School District") is a school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.
- The 2024 Building and Site Series II capital project fund and 2022 Building and Site Series I capital
 project fund are used to record bond proceeds and the disbursement of invoices specifically
 designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and technology upgrades. The funds
 will operate until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are
 restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's special revenue
 funds are the Food Services, Community Services, and Student Activities funds. Revenue sources for
 the Food Services Fund include sales to customer and dedicated grants from federal sources.
 Revenue sources for the Community Services Fund include preschool and child care revenue.
 Revenue sources for the Student Activities Fund include fundraising revenue and donations earned
 and received by student groups. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility
 of the General Fund.
- Capital project funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of
 invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and technology
 upgrades and for remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were
 created is accomplished.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity. These amounts are not used to operate the School District's programs. The School District maintains a custodial fund to record the transactions of scholarship funds.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized cost.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories accounted for using the purchase method are recorded as expenditures when purchased and include all inventories of governmental funds other than commodities within the Food Services Fund. Inventories accounted for using the consumption method are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased and include commodities within the Food Services Fund. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Restricted Assets

The following amounts are reported as restricted assets:

- Unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the bonded capital project funds required to be set aside for construction or other allowable bond purchases
- Unspent property taxes levied held in the Debt Service Fund required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments
- Unspent property taxes levied and held in the Sinking Fund required to be set aside for construction or allowable purchases

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	10 to 20 7 to 10

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The General Fund and Debt Service Fund are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred pension and OPEB costs.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and deferred pension and OPEB cost reductions.

Net Position

Net position of the School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position Flow Assumption

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (as applicable), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The School District has, by resolution, authorized the Board of Education to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The fund balance policy prescribes the minimum fund balance as 10 percent of operating expenditures in the General Fund. This is deemed to be the prudent amount to maintain the School District's ability to meet obligations as they come due throughout the year.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Properties are assessed as of December 31, and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 of the following year. Tax collections are forwarded to the School District as collected by the assessing municipalities through March 1, at which time they are considered delinquent and added to county tax rolls. Any delinquent taxes collected by the county are remitted to the School District by June 30. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Grants and Contributions

The School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, the School District has accrued a liability for future absences, recognizing the obligation relating to compensation for absences attributable to services already rendered. Teachers and other employees receive compensation for vacations, holidays, illnesses, and certain other qualifying absences. The number of days compensated for annual and sick leave is based on years of service to the School District. It is the policy of the School District to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the School District. A leave liability is recognized due to the leave attributable to services already rendered, leave that accumulates, and leave that is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Tax Abatements

The School District evaluated tax abatements under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77 and considered the total property tax abatements to be insignificant.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

During the current year, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updated the recognition and measurement for compensated absences under a unified model. As a result, the School District is required to restate liabilities for compensated absences to be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 have been restated in order to adopt GASB Statement No. 101. The effects of this adoption of a new accounting pronouncement are shown in the table at the end of this section.

Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2025, the changes noted above resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position and fund net position as follows:

_	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2024					
	As Previously	Adoption of						
	Reported	GASB 101	As Restated					
	\$ (864,159)	\$ 139,405	\$	(724,754)				

Government-wide - Governmental activities

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-of-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. This statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds except that capital outlay expenditures are budgeted within the functions. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered. At June 30, 2025, encumbrances totaled approximately \$47,303,745 in the 2024 Building and Site Series II capital project fund. There were no encumbrances in the 2022 Building and Site Series I capital project fund at June 30, 2025.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

During the year, the School District incurred expenditures in the General Fund, which were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	 Budget	 Actual
Support services - Pupil transportation services	\$ 1,353,273	\$ 1,555,270

Capital Project Fund Compliance

The 2024 Building and Site Series II and 2022 Building and Site Series I funds include capital project activities funded with bonds. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the Revised School Code. The funds are not yet considered substantially complete and a subsequent year audit is expected.

The Sinking Fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, authorized prior to March 29, 2017, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212 of the State of Michigan Revised School Code.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost except for a 1-day minimum investment period on the MILAF cash management funds and a 14-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level be used for the School District's deposits for custodial credit risk. At year end, the School District had bank deposits totaling \$15,461,483 (checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment policy states that custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law and by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At June 30, 2025, the School District does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

At year end, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

Primary Government		C	arrying Value	₋ess Than 1 Year		1-5 Years		
U.S. Treasury notes MILAF Term		\$	27,424,513 7,500,000	\$	19,639,817 -	\$	7,784,696 7,500,000	
Total		\$	34,924,513	\$	19,639,817	\$	15,284,696	
	Primary Government			<u>C</u>	arrying Value	a١	Weighted- verage Maturity (Years)	
U.S. Treasury notes MILAF Term				\$	27,424,513 7,500,000		1.68 1.13	
Total				\$	34,924,513	•		

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. At June 30, 2025, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
Primary Government Michigan liquid asset fund (MILAF) - Cash management class MILAF Plus MAX class funds MILAF Term	\$ 12,416,368 16,534,700 7,500,000	AAAm AAAm N/A	Standard and Poor's Standard and Poor's N/A
Total	\$ 36,451,068		

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of issuer will be minimized. At June 30, 2025, the School District did not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Fair Value Measurements

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The School District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

	Assets Measured at Carrying Value on a Recurring Basis at June 30, 2025							
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at June 30, 2025				
Assets - Debt securities - U.S. Treasury notes Investments measured at NAV -	\$ -	\$ 27,424,513	\$ -	\$ 27,424,513				
MILAF Term				7,500,000				
Total assets				\$ 34,924,513				

The fair value of U.S. Treasury securities at June 30, 2025 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The School District estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Term Series whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments. The MILAF Term Series allows for the School District to set a specific redemption date set upon initiation of investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The net asset value of the School District's investment in the MILAF Term Series at June 30, 2025 is presented in the table above.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

		Fund Due From										
		_	022	2024								
			0	Building and								
	General	Site S	Series I	Site Series	N	Nonmajor				iduciary		
Fund Due To	Fund	_ <u>F</u>	und	II Fund		Funds		Γotal		Funds	_	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 18	89.936	\$ 247.624	\$	238,634	\$ 6	376.194	\$	1,533	\$	677,727
Nonmajor Funds	434,376	*	-	φ 2+1,02+ -	Ψ	-		34,376	Ψ	-	Ψ	434,376
Debt Service Fund	290,076	<u> </u>	-	-		-	2	90,076		-		290,076
Total	\$ 724,452	\$ 18	89,936	\$ 247,624	\$	238,634	\$ 1,4	00,646	\$	1,533	\$ -	1,402,179

Interfund balances owed to the General Fund represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance from the General Fund until amounts are transferred from fund accounts. Interfund balances owed to the nonmajor funds represent reimbursements for allocated expenditures. Interfund balances owed to the Debt Service Fund relate to property tax revenue collected and due from the General Fund.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are composed of the following:

Paying Fund (Transfer Out)	Receiving Fund (Transfer In)		Amount
General Fund Food Services Fund	Board Designated Capital Projects Fund General Fund	\$	1,100,000 96,949
	Total	\$	1,196,949

The transfer from the Food Services Fund to the General Fund was for overhead cost reimbursement. The transfer from the General Fund to the Board Designated Capital Projects Fund was to fund improvement projects as authorized by the Board of Education.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	_	Balance July 1, 2024	Reclassifications Additions		Disposals and Adjustments	<u>J</u>	Balance lune 30, 2025	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	100,500 28,449,217	\$	- (26,641,844)	\$ - 30,623,643	\$ - 	\$	100,500 32,431,016
Subtotal		28,549,717		(26,641,844)	30,623,643	-		32,531,516
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles		96,502,379 9,423,985 2,255,765		26,641,844 - -	4,274,109 2,029,786 69,900			127,418,332 11,453,771 2,325,665
Subtotal		108,182,129		26,641,844	6,373,795	-		141,197,768
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles		44,590,542 5,436,372 1,632,205		- - -	3,420,429 981,200 145,989			48,010,971 6,417,572 1,778,194
Subtotal		51,659,119	_		4,547,618	- <u>-</u>		56,206,737
Net capital assets being depreciated		56,523,010		26,641,844	1,826,177			84,991,031
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$	85,072,727	\$	-	\$ 32,449,820	\$ -	\$	117,522,547

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the School District (primary government) as follows:

Governmental activities: Instruction Support services Athletics	\$ 3,638,094 454,762 454,762	
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,547,618	

Construction Commitments

The School District has active construction projects at year end. The remaining costs of the projects will be financed with bond proceeds from the current and future series. At year end, the School District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
2024 Building and Site Bonds Series II 2022 Building and Site Bonds Series I	\$ 4,153,593 62,414,150	\$ 47,303,745
Total	\$ 66,567,743	\$ 47,303,745

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

	_	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Additions	_	Reductions	Ending Balance	[Due within One Year
Bonds payable - Other debt: General obligations Unamortized bond premiums	\$	109,575,000 6,712,856	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(3,010,000) (243,088)	\$ 106,565,000 6,469,768	\$	2,370,000 243,088
Total bonds payable - Other debt		116,287,856	-		(3,253,088)	113,034,768		2,613,088
Compensated absences Arbitrage liability		955,894 401,333	220,264 732,457	_	(219,721)	956,437 1,133,790	_	- -
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$	117,645,083	\$ 952,721	\$	(3,472,809)	\$ 115,124,995	\$	2,613,088

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The primary source of any required repayment is from the School District's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the School District's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the School District. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rates (Percent)	Maturing	 Outstanding
Governmental Activities				
\$55,580,000 Building and Site	\$1,380,000-			
Series I Bonds (2022)	\$2,740,000	3.0 - 5.0	May 1, 2051	\$ 50,555,000
\$57,660,000 Building and Site	\$660,000-			
Series II Bonds (2024)	\$5,930,000	4.0 - 5.0	May 1, 2054	 56,010,000
Total governmental activities				\$ 106,565,000

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities - Other Debt						
Years Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	Total		
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031-2035 2036-2040 2041-2045 2046-2050	\$	2,370,000 2,055,000 2,145,000 2,240,000 2,340,000 13,265,000 16,245,000 19,820,000 23,740,000	\$	4,381,313 4,264,688 4,160,063 4,051,438 3,938,063 17,872,463 14,628,313 10,963,688 6,999,534	\$	6,751,313 6,319,688 6,305,063 6,291,438 6,278,063 31,137,463 30,873,313 30,783,688 30,739,534	
Thereafter		22,345,000		2,180,575		24,525,575	
Total	\$	106,565,000	\$	73,440,138	\$	180,005,138	

Note 8 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and medical benefits claims. The School District participates in the SEG Self-insurers Workers' Disability Compensation Fund (risk pool) for claims relating to workers' compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplementary payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to the retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The ranges of rates are as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025	20.96% - 30.11%	0.00% - 1.25%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$9,823,006, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District's required and actual pensions contributions include an allocation of \$2,431,566 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate as well as \$552,704 of a one-time state payment received and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

The School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$888,257, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a liability of \$53,622,908 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.219 and 0.215 percent, respectively, representing a change of 2.10 percent.

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported an asset of \$9,500,345 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2025 was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.221 and 0.218 percent, respectively, representing a change of 1.19 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2025, the School District recognized pension expense of \$4,830,653, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,454,827	\$	(582,620)
Changes in assumptions	5,590,506		(3,928,863)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		(10,233,524)
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the	1,629,467		(260,284)
The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	 8,170,248	_	-
Total	\$ 16,845,048	\$	(15,005,291)

The \$2,984,270 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	 Amount
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (1,251,837) 838,936 (3,392,521) (2,525,069)
Total	\$ (6,330,491)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District recognized OPEB recovery of \$3,339,724.

June 30, 2025

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	(10,067,464)
Changes in assumptions	2,075,012		(238,505)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-		(1,798,524)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement	406,887		(139,313)
date	 210,756		<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 2,692,655	\$	(12,243,806)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	Amount
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 Thereafter	\$ (3,206,931) (1,943,961) (1,856,873) (1,672,680) (906,613) (174,849)
Total	\$ (9,761,907)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB asset were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Investment rate of return - Pension Investment rate of return - OPEB Salary increases Health care cost trend rate - OPEB Mortality basis	6.00% 6.00% 2.75% - 11.55% 6.50% - 7.25%	Entry age normal Net of investment expenses based on the groups Net of investment expenses based on the groups Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent Year 1 graded to 3.5 percent in year 15 PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled 100 percent (retirees: 116 percent for males and 116 percent for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension liability and OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

June 30, 2025

Long-term

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Significant assumption changes since the prior measurement date, September 30, 2023, for the OPEB plans include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and an increase of 0.25 percentage points for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB liability was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
	05.00.0/	
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.30 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.00
International equity pools	15.00	6.50
Fixed-income pools	13.00	2.20
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	7.10
Absolute return pools	9.00	5.20
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	6.90
Short-term investment pools	2.00	1.40
Total	100.00 %	

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.3 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	Percentage	Curi	rent Discount	11	Percentage
	Poi	nt Decrease		Rate	Poi	int Increase
		(5.00%)		(6.00%)		(7.00%)
Net pension liability of the School District	\$	78,611,759	\$	53,622,908	\$	32,814,881

June 30, 2025

Note 9 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Percentage pint Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net OPEB asset of the School Distric	\$ (7,341,945)	\$ (9,500,345)	\$ (11,366,509)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Percentage oint Decrease	Current Rate	1 Percentage Point Increase
Net OPEB asset of the School District	\$ (11,366,530) \$	(9,500,345)	\$ (7,498,871)

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

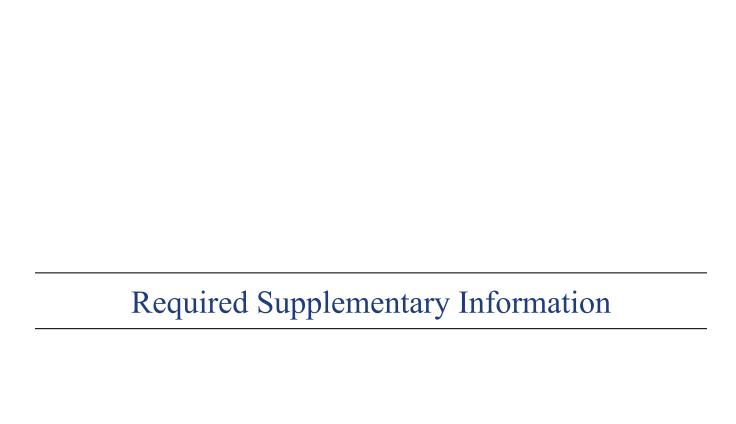
Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a payable of \$1,115,767 and \$23,283 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 10 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2025, the School District had no unavailable revenue and \$1,526,378 of unearned revenue, primarily related to tuition/fees not yet earned and grant/categorical aid payment received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Orig	ginal Budget	<u>_</u> F	inal Budget	_	Actual	over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources Interdistrict sources		10,304,971 30,272,282 625,184 3,886,251	\$	10,395,754 32,746,307 885,114 4,463,466	\$	10,603,370 32,071,234 852,999 4,557,199	\$ 207,616 (675,073) (32,115) 93,733
Total revenue	4	45,088,688		48,490,641		48,084,802	(405,839)
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Basic programs		17,264,369		17,816,651		17,211,698	(604,953)
Added needs		8,981,451		9,262,093		8,675,923	 (586,170)
Total instruction	:	26,245,820		27,078,744		25,887,621	(1,191,123)
Support services: Pupil Instructional staff General administration School administration Business Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation services Central Other		3,804,015 2,993,238 447,950 3,249,904 824,169 4,521,736 1,342,730 1,535,488 317,422		3,620,159 2,996,520 493,951 3,440,626 902,385 4,506,899 1,353,273 1,653,170 321,205		3,658,237 2,797,839 526,498 3,448,782 922,982 4,439,401 1,555,270 1,660,343 237,435	38,078 (198,681) 32,547 8,156 20,597 (67,498) 201,997 7,173 (83,770)
Total support services		19,036,652		19,288,188		19,246,787	(41,401)
Athletics Community services		713,144 -		722,997 22,438		760,603 20,012	 37,606 (2,426)
Total expenditures		45,995,616		47,112,367		45,915,023	 (1,197,344)
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures		(906,928)		1,378,274		2,169,779	791,505
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		125,000 (1,100,000)		125,000 (1,100,000))	96,949 (1,100,000)	 (28,051)
Total other financing uses		(975,000)		(975,000)	<u> </u>	(1,003,051)	 (28,051)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,881,928)		403,274		1,166,728	763,454
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		8,876,533		8,876,533		8,876,533	 -
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	6,994,605	\$	9,279,807	\$	10,043,261	\$ 763,454

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Plan Years Years Ended September 30

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.21903 %	0.21452 %	0.21114 %	0.21181 %	0.21392 %	0.21044 %	0.20231 %	0.19595 %	0.19448 %	0.18841 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,622,908	\$ 69,432,702	\$ 79,406,174	\$ 50,146,065	\$ 73,483,734	\$ 69,691,226	\$ 60,817,605	\$ 50,780,227	\$ 48,522,117	\$ 46,018,023
School District's covered payroll	\$ 23,372,348	\$ 21,766,163	\$ 20,389,653	\$ 18,895,255	\$ 18,997,113	\$ 18,516,731	\$ 17,729,779	\$ 16,322,786	\$ 16,578,967	\$ 15,684,300
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	229.43 %	318.99 %	389.44 %	265.39 %	386.82 %	376.37 %	343.03 %	311.10 %	292.67 %	293.40 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.44 %	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	60.08 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

															st Ten Fi		
	2025	_	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	2018	2017	_	2016
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 9,488,729 9,488,729	\$	9,462,872 9,462,872	\$	10,109,645 10,109,645	\$	7,285,143 7,285,143	\$	6,411,953 6,411,953	\$	5,961,088 5,961,088	\$	5,592,189 5,592,189	\$ 5,157,127 5,157,127	\$ 4,577,160 4,577,160	\$	4,394,123 4,394,123
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 23,175,873	\$	23,420,806	\$	22,073,816	\$	20,104,556	\$	18,590,639	\$	19,093,685	\$	18,266,919	\$ 17,408,712	\$ 16,219,099	\$	15,836,354
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	40.94 %		40.40 %		45.80 %		36.24 %		34.49 %		31.22 %		30.61 %	29.62 %	28.22 %		27.75 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

						Plan Ye	•	t Plan Years eptember 30
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	0.22071 %	0.21812 %	0.21025 %	0.20957 %	0.21452 %	0.21215 %	0.20756 %	0.19555 %
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (9,500,345) \$	(1,233,887) \$	4,453,161	\$ 3,198,790 \$	S 11,492,402 \$	15,227,338 \$	5 16,498,661	\$ 17,316,480
School District's covered payroll	\$ 23,372,348 \$	21,766,163 \$	20,389,653	\$ 18,895,255	S 18,997,113 \$	18,516,731	5 17,729,779	\$ 16,322,786
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(40.65)%	(5.67)%	21.84 %	16.93 %	60.50 %	82.24 %	93.06 %	106.09 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	143.08 %	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

													•		iscal Years ed June 30
	_	2025		2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	2020	_	2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	690,062	\$	1,924,119	\$	1,776,766	\$	1,638,360	\$	1,547,066	\$ 1,534,292	\$	1,434,871	\$	1,257,383
statutorily required contribution	_	690,062		1,924,119	_	1,776,766	_	1,638,360	_	1,547,066	 1,534,292	_	1,434,871	_	1,257,383
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	23,175,873	\$	23,420,806	\$	22,073,816	\$	20,104,556	\$	18,590,639	\$ 19,093,685	\$	18,266,919	\$	17,408,712
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.98 %	,	8.22 %		8.05 %		8.15 %		8.32 %	8.04 %	,	7.86 %		7.22 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

Pension Information

The required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 include a one-time contribution of \$522,704, referred to as 147c(2), related to funding received from the State and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms in for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30, except for the following:

- 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms in for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

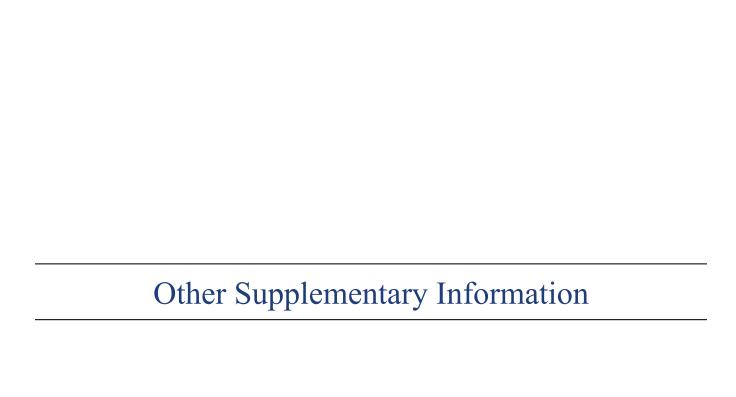
There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30, except for the following:

- 2024 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage points for members over 65.
- 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

- 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to actual per person health benefit costs being lower than expected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017.
 This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability
 by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2012 to 2017.
 This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability
 by \$1.4 billion in 2018.



Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital Project Funds										
	Fo	od Services Fund		community rvices Fund	<u>A</u>	Student ctivities Fund		Fotal Special evenue Funds	s	inking Fund		nior Center - .RP Funds		Board Designated pital Projects Fund		otal Capital roject Funds	Total
Assets																	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	285,888	\$	230,421	\$	173,102	\$	689,411	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,647,026	\$	1,647,026	\$ 2,336,437
Other receivables		_		48,243		-		48,243		_		_		-		_	48,243
Due from other governments		12,971		-		-		12,971		-		108,676		-		108,676	121,647
Due from other funds		186,210		-		191,611		377,821		-		-		56,555		56,555	434,376
Inventories		31,067		-		-		31,067		- - 422.000		-		-		- E 422 009	31,067
Restricted assets					_				_	5,422,908						5,422,908	 5,422,908
Total assets	\$	516,136	\$	278,664	\$	364,713	\$	1,159,513	\$	5,422,908	\$	108,676	\$	1,703,581	\$	7,235,165	\$ 8,394,678
Liabilities																	
Accounts payable	\$	2,156	\$	8,617	\$	-	\$	10,773	\$		\$	21,644	\$	505,646	\$	527,290	\$ 538,063
Due to other funds		-		127,600		-		127,600		24,002		87,032		-		111,034	238,634
Accrued liabilities and other		12,434		16,316		-		28,750		-		-		-		-	28,750
Unearned revenue		1,661						1,661	_								 1,661
Total liabilities		16,251		152,533		-		168,784		24,002		108,676		505,646		638,324	807,108
Fund Balances																	
Nonspendable - Inventories Restricted:		31,067		-		-		31,067		-		-		-		-	31,067
Capital projects		-		_		_		_		5,398,906		_		_		5,398,906	5,398,906
Food service		468,818		-		-		468,818		, , , <u>-</u>		-		-		-	468,818
Committed:																	
Capital projects Community service		-		- 126,131		-		- 126,131		-		-		1,197,935		1,197,935	1,197,935 126,131
Student activities		-		120,131		364,713		364,713		-		-		-		-	364,713
		400.005			_		_		_	F 000 000			_	4 407 005		0.500.044	
Total fund balances		499,885		126,131	_	364,713	_	990,729	_	5,398,906			_	1,197,935		6,596,841	 7,587,570
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	516,136	\$	278,664	\$	364,713	\$	1,159,513	\$	5,422,908	\$	108,676	\$	1,703,581	\$	7,235,165	\$ 8,394,678

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds							
	Fo	od Services Fund	Community Services Fund	Student Activities Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Si	inking Fund	Senior Center - ARP Funds		Board Designated pital Projects Fund	Total Capital Project Funds		Total
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$	63,325 158,115 1,882,661	\$ 512,439 25,225	\$ 277,020 - -	\$ 852,784 183,340 1,882,661	\$	1,193,343 - -	\$ - 240,713	\$	81,243 1,148,659 -	\$ 1,274,586 \$ 1,148,659 240,713	,	2,127,370 1,331,999 2,123,374
Total revenue		2,104,101	537,664	277,020	2,918,785		1,193,343	240,713		1,229,902	2,663,958		5,582,743
Expenditures Current: Instruction Support services Food services Community services Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	105 2,029,715 - 15,341 2,045,161	3,011 - - 651,677 - - 654,688	241,421 - - - - 241,421	3,011 241,526 2,029,715 651,677 15,341 2,941,270		1,139 - 15,000 16,139	240,713 240,713		- - - 4,011,498	1,139 - - 4,267,211 4,268,350		3,011 242,665 2,029,715 651,677 4,282,552 7,209,620
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		(96,949)	-	-	(96,949)			-		1,100,000	1,100,000		1,100,000 (96,949)
Total other financing (uses) sources		(96,949)			(96,949)					1,100,000	1,100,000		1,003,051
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38,009)	(117,024)	35,599	(119,434)		1,177,204	-		(1,681,596)	(504,392)		(623,826)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		537,894	243,155	329,114	1,110,163		4,221,702			2,879,531	7,101,233		8,211,396
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	499,885	\$ 126,131	\$ 364,713	\$ 990,729	\$	5,398,906	<u> - </u>	\$	1,197,935	\$ 6,596,841	5	7,587,570

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2025

Years Ending June 30		22 Building and Site Series I Principal		24 Building and Site Series II Principal	Total
Teals Eliding Julie 30		ППСІраї		ППСІраї	Total
2026	\$	1,380,000	\$	990,000 \$	2,370,000
2027	Ψ	1,395,000	Ψ	660,000	2,055,000
2028		1,420,000		725,000	2,145,000
2029		1,455,000		785,000	2,240,000
2030		1,470,000		870,000	2,340,000
2031		1,500,000		940,000	2,440,000
2032		1,530,000		1,015,000	2,545,000
2033		1,600,000		1,055,000	2,655,000
2034		1,660,000		1,105,000	2,765,000
2035		1,705,000		1,155,000	2,860,000
2036		1,760,000		1,220,000	2,980,000
2037		1,810,000		1,295,000	3,105,000
2038		1,860,000		1,380,000	3,240,000
2039		1,920,000		1,465,000	3,385,000
2040		1,980,000		1,555,000	3,535,000
2041		2,035,000		1,645,000	3,680,000
2042		2,095,000		1,720,000	3,815,000
2043		2,155,000		1,795,000	3,950,000
2044		2,220,000		1,885,000	4,105,000
2045		2,300,000		1,970,000	4,270,000
2046		2,370,000		2,055,000	4,425,000
2047		2,440,000		2,140,000	4,580,000
2048		2,510,000		2,230,000	4,740,000
2049		2,585,000		2,325,000	4,910,000
2050		2,660,000		2,425,000	5,085,000
2051		2,740,000		2,525,000	5,265,000
2052		-		5,460,000	5,460,000
2053		-		5,690,000	5,690,000
2054		-		5,930,000	5,930,000
Total remaining payments	\$	50,555,000	\$	56,010,000 \$	106,565,000
Interest rate		3.0% - 5.0%		4.0% - 5.0%	
Original issue	\$	55,850,000	\$	57,660,000 \$	113,510,000

Principal and interest payments for the bond issues are due on May 1 and November 1 of each year.